$1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}\right.$ ) , $1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.09(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Si}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} m / e$ (rel intensity) $535(\mathrm{M}+1,90), 504(8), 452$ (12), 396 (100), 344 (51), 317 (70), 287 (54), 182 (100), 136 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{51} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 535.3455$, found 535.3419 .
(2S,3R,4aS,6R,7S,8aR)-7-[(Benzyloxy)methoxy]-2-(2-iodoethyl)-6-(4-methyl-3-pentenyl)-2,4a,6-trimethyl-3-(trimethylsiloxy)perhydro-pyrano[3,2-b]pyran (33). To a stirred heterogeneous mixture of alcohol $32(2.6 \mathrm{~g}, 4.9 \mathrm{mmol})$, triphenylphosphine ( $3.8 \mathrm{~g}, 14.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), imidazole $(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 14.7 \mathrm{mmol})$, and dry benzene ( 50 mL ) at $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was added, in one portion, iodine ( $2.4 \mathrm{~g}, 9.8 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After 20 min , the iodine color dissipated, and the clear benzene solution was decanted from the orange residue. The residue was washed with benzene ( $2 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL}$ ), and the benzene fractions were combined. Concentration and flash chromatography (silica, $3 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave the iodide 33 ( 2.8 g , $89 \%$ ). 33: oil; $R_{f}=0.61$ (silica, $5 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}$ $+36.7^{\circ}$ (c $1.65, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3030,2990,2960,2900,1460$, $1385,1270,1260,1180,1140,1100,1050,990,920,890,750,740,700$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.40-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.08(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, H \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}), 4.85,4.72(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 4.61 (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ), $3.72(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.3,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $-H \mathrm{CO}$ ), 3.65 (dd, $J=1.3,5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-H \mathrm{CO}$ ), 3.23 (dd, $J=7.7,7.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{I}$ ), 3.18 (dd, $J=12.0,3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-H \mathrm{CO}$ ring juncture), $2.30-1.45\left(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.66,1.58\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 3 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}\right)$, $1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.10(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Si}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / e$ (intensity) $644(\mathrm{M}, 7), 506(57), 424$ (32), 397 (74), 284 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{30} \mathrm{H}_{49} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiI}$ (M) 644.2394, found 644.2369.
(2S,3R,4aS,6R,7S,8aR)-7-[(Benzyloxy)methoxy]-6-(3-hydroxy-propyl)-2-(2-iodoethyl)-2,4a,6-trimethyl-3-(trimethylsiloxy)perhydropyrano $[3,2-b]$ pyran (34). Ozone was passed through a solution of the olefin $33(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 1.6 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dichloromethane ( 20 mL ) at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until a blue coloration persisted. The excess ozone was removed with a stream of oxygen, followed by addition of $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{SMe}_{2}(3.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 2 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, 6.0 $\mathrm{mmol})$. The cooling bath was removed and the reaction mixture was stirred for 30 min . The excess $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{SMe}_{2}$ was carefully quenched at 25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ by dropwise addition of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2.0 \mathrm{~mL})$. Dilution with ether ( 60 mL ) followed by washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 20 mL ), drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, and concentration gave a crude oil. Flash chromatography (silica, $35 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) furnished the alcohol 34 ( 0.85 g , $86 \%$ ). 34: oil; $R_{f}=0.37$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}$ $+46.6^{\circ}\left(c 0.60, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 2990,2960,2900$, $1470,1460,1385,1270,1260,1180,1100,1050,990,890,850,740,700$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.42-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.87,4.75$ $\left(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ar}\right), 4.62\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$, $3.71-3.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$ and -HCO$), 3.24(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.3,7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{I}$ ), $3.20(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{HCO}$ ring juncture), 2.57 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), $2.30-1.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.89-1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $1.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Si}\right)$; MS m/e (rel intensity) $621(\mathrm{M}+1,68), 573$ (20), 513 (85), 483 (80), 387 (42), 354 (100), 284 (64), 215 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{ISi}$ (M) 621.2051, found 621.2022. Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{27} \mathrm{H}_{46} \mathrm{O}_{6}$ ISi: C, $52.17 ; \mathrm{H}$, 7.46. Found: $C, 52.31 ; H, 7.24$.
(2S,3R,4aS,6R,7S,8aR)-7-[(Benzyloxy)methoxy]-6-[3-(tert-butyl-
dimethylsiloxy)propyl]-2-(2-iodoethyl)-2,4a,6-trimethyl-3-(trimethylsil-oxy)perhydropyrano[3,2-b]pyran (35). A stirred mixture of alcohol 34 $(0.85 \mathrm{~g}, 1.4 \mathrm{mmol})$, imidazole ( $380 \mathrm{mg}, 4.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and dry DMF ( 5 mL ) at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was treated with tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride ( $310 \mathrm{mg}, 2.1$ mmol ). After 1 h the reaction mixture was diluted with ether ( 20 mL ) and washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 5 mL ). Drying (MgSO4) and concentration followed by flash chromatography (silica, $3 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave the bis silyl ether $35(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 98 \%)$. 35: oil; $R_{f}=$ 0.23 (silica, $5 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+34.1^{\circ}\left(c 0.51, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3000,2960,2900,2870,1480,1470,1385,1270,1260$, $1180,1100,1050,1035,890,845,780,735,700 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} .1$ H NMR ( 250 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.38-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.83,4.72(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ar}\right), 4.61\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right), 3.75-3.53\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$ and -HCO ), 3.28-3.12 (m, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} \mathrm{I},-\mathrm{OCH}$ - ring juncture), 2.30-1.42 $\left(\mathrm{m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.23\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.11(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.88\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\right), 0.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, 6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Si}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{e}$ (rel intensity) $735(\mathrm{M}+1,4), 647$ (43), 597 (37), 539 (15), 449 (17), 354 (100), 284 (100), 215 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{60} \mathrm{IO}_{6} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1)$ 735.2912 , found 735.2973 .

3,7:6,10-Dianhydro-9-O -[(benzyloxy)methyl]-13- $O$-(tert -butyldi-methylsilyl)-1,2,5,8,11,12-hexadeoxy-3,6,10-tri-C-methyl-4-O-(tri-methylsilyl)-1-(triphenylphosphonio)-D-erythro-D-allo-tridecitol Iodide (1). A stirred mixture of iodide $35(1.0 \mathrm{~g}, 1.3 \mathrm{mmol})$, triphenylphosphine $(2.7 \mathrm{~g}, 10.4 \mathrm{mmol})$, and dry $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}(3.0 \mathrm{~mL})$ was heated at $90^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . After cooling, the excess triphenylphosphine was removed by washing with hexanes ( $10 \times 15 \mathrm{~mL}$ ). The remaining solvents were removed in vacuo to afford the phosphoinium salt $1(1.3 \mathrm{~g}, 100 \%) .1$ : amorphous solid; $R_{f}=0.31$ (silica, $10 \%$ methanol in EtOAc); $[\alpha]^{21}{ }_{D}$ $+33.6^{\circ}\left(c 0.99, \mathrm{CHCl}_{3}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3060,3040,3000,2960,2900$, $2870,1595,1470,1460,1445,1390,1270,1260,1220,1190,1160,1110$, $1040,1000,890,845,780,740,700 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.90-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 20 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.84,4.72(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Ar}$ ), $4.61\left(\mathrm{~s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right), 3.68(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.3,4.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $-\mathrm{HCO}), 3.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right.$ and $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{P}\right), 3.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.2,5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H},-H \mathrm{CO}), 3.32\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{P}\right), 3.20(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.0,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, -HCO ring juncture), 2.13-1.45 (m, $\left.10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.19\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 0.86\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{CSi}\right), 0.10$ (s, $\left.6 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2} \mathrm{Si}\right),-0.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3} \mathrm{Si}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{51}{ }^{-}$ $\mathrm{H}_{74} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{PSi}_{2}(\mathrm{M}-1) 869.476$, found 869.481. Anal. Caled for $\mathrm{C}_{51} \mathrm{H}_{74} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{PSi}_{2}: \mathrm{C}, 61.43 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.48$. Found: C, 61.62; $\mathrm{H}, 7.27$.

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Supplementary Material Available: Ortep drawing and X-ray crystallographic analysis data for compound 30 ( 7 pages). Ordering information is given on any current masthead page.

# Synthesis of the Brevetoxin B IJK Ring System 

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#### Abstract

A stereoselective synthesis of a functionalized system representing the IJK ring framework of brevetoxin B is reported. The synthesis begins with D-mannose pentaacetate and proceeds through intermediates 24 and 38 , which serve as key cyclization precursors. The stereochemistry of the optically active target molecule 1 was confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis of the crystalline derivative 42.


In a preceding paper, ${ }^{2}$ we described a retrosynthetic analysis of brevetoxin B in which three fragments containing the tetrahydropyran rings, ABC, FG, and IJK (1) were defined as sub-

[^0]targets for an eventual total synthesis. We also described stereoselective syntheses of fragments $\mathrm{ABC}^{2}$ and $\mathrm{FG}^{3}$ In this article, we report a stereocontrolled construction of the IJK ring framework of brevetoxin B as the dithio ketal aldehyde 1 (Scheme
(3) Nicolaou, K. C.; Duggan, M. E.; Hwang, C.-K. J. Am. Chem. Soc., second of three papers in this issue.

Scheme I ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Retrosynthetic analysis of the IJK ring system 1 of brevetoxin $B$.
I). As is the case of fragments ABC and FG , this construction also utilized a key operation, the 6 -endo activation method ${ }^{4}$ for tetrahydropyran synthesis from hydroxy epoxides.

## Results and Discussion

Retrosynthetic Analysis. A retrosynthetic analysis of the IJK ring system (1) of brevetoxin B is shown in Scheme I. Thus, disconnection of the indicated $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ bond in structure $\mathbf{1}$ accompanied by a number of standard functional group manipulations leads to hydroxy epoxide 2 as a potential precursor to this tricycle. Disassembling the second ring via a second $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{O}$ bond rupture as indicated in $\mathbf{2}$ and further retromanipulations then reveals the $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester $\mathbf{3}$ as a potential intermediate to deliver $\mathbf{2}$ (Michael reaction). The stereochemical outcome of the synthetic Michael reaction was expected to be as desired leading to the isomer with an equatorial side chain presumed to be the thermodynamically most stable one. Further disconnections of $\mathbf{3}$ traced a possible origin for it in the $C$-glycoside 4 , which, in turn, may arise from D-mannose pentaacetate as presented in Scheme I. The advantages of a stragegy based on the above retrosynthetic analysis include initiation of the sequence with an optically active starting material and flexibility to manipulate the ends of the intermediate, if needed, for further elaborations.

Synthesis of the IJK Ring System (1) of Brevetoxin B. As indicated above, the synthesis of the subtarget 1 began with D mannose pentaacetate as shown in Scheme II. Thus, Cglycosidation ${ }^{5}$ of D -mannose pentaacetate (mixture of anomers) with allyltrimethylsilane in the presence of $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ (1.0 equiv) and TMSOTf ( $\mathrm{Tf}=$ triflate, 0.2 equiv) ${ }^{6}$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}$ at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ afforded the $C$-glycoside 5 in good yield ( $\alpha: \beta$ anomers ca. 6.8:1). Deacetylation of this product with NaOMe in MeOH at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ gave tetraol 6 in $75 \%$ overall yield (anomeric mixture). This mixture was carried through and separated at the convenient stage of alcohol 8 (vide infra). Selective protection of tetraol 6 was accomplished in one pot by reaction with stoichiometric amounts of tert-butyldiphenylsilyl chloride in the presence of imidazole followed by in situ acetonide formation using 2 -methoxypropene and camphorsulfonic acid (CSA) catalyst to afford compound 8 via triol 7 ( $82 \%$ overall yield). The required deoxygenation of intermediate 8 was carried out in two steps. Reaction of 8 with

[^1]
## Scheme II ${ }^{a}$




${ }^{n} \square \begin{aligned} & 11: R_{1}-R_{2}-H \\ & 12: R_{1}=H, R_{2}=\end{aligned}$




${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) 1.3 equiv of (allyltrimethyl)silane, 2.0 equiv of $\mathrm{BF}_{3}-\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 0.2$ equiv of TMSOTf, $\mathrm{CH}_{3} \mathrm{CN}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 16 \mathrm{~h}, 75 \%$ ( $\alpha: \beta$ ca. $6.8: 1$ by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR); (b) 0.5 equiv of $\mathrm{NaOMe}, \mathrm{MeOH}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $2 \mathrm{~h}, 100 \%$; (c) 1.0 equiv of $t-\mathrm{BuPh}_{2} \mathrm{SiCl}, 1.1$ equiv of imidazole, DMF, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$; then (d) 0.2 equiv of CSA, 1.5 equiv of 2 -methoxypropene, $1 \mathrm{~h}, 82 \%$ overall; (e) 1.2 equiv of $\mathrm{S}=\mathrm{C}$ (imidazole) 2 , toluene, $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{~h}, 92 \%$; (f) 1.5 equiv of $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{SnH}, 0.01$ equiv of AIBN, toluene, $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{~h}, 72 \%$; (g) Amberlyst- $15\left(\mathrm{H}^{+}\right), \mathrm{MeOH}, 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{~h}$, $72 \%$; (h) 1.0 equiv of $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{2} \mathrm{SnO}, \mathrm{MeOH}, 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{~h}$, then 1.5 equiv of $\mathrm{PhCH}_{2} \mathrm{Br}, \mathrm{DMF}, 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 4 \mathrm{~h}, 74 \%$; (i) 1.5 equiv of $(\mathrm{COCl})_{2}, 2.0$ equiv of DMSO, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$, then 4.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30$ $\mathrm{min}, 100 \%$; (j) 1.3 equiv of $\mathrm{MgBr}_{2}-\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}, 3.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{AlMe}_{3} . \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$, $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10 \mathrm{~min}$, then $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{~h}, 14(61 \%), 15(20 \%)$.

Table I. Methylation of Ketone 14

| entry ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | conditions | yield, \% | $\begin{gathered} \text { ratio } \\ (14: 15, \mathrm{ca} .)^{b} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MeLi (1.2 equiv), $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 85 | 0:1 |
| 2 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Me}(\mathrm{O}-i-\mathrm{Pr})_{3} \mathrm{Ti}(1.2 \text { equiv }), \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, \\ & -78^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | 76 | 0:1 |
| 3 | $\mathrm{MeMgI}\left(1.2\right.$ equiv), $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O},-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 92 | 1:3 |
| 4 | AlMe ${ }_{3}$ (1.0 equiv), $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 86 | 2:3 |
| 5 | AlMe ${ }_{3}$ (3.0 equiv), $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 82 | 5:4 |
| 6 | $\mathrm{AlMe}_{3}$ (3.0 equiv), $\mathrm{MgBr}_{2}-\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ <br> (1.3 equiv), $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-50$ to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 81 | 3:1 |

${ }^{a}$ Reactions were carried out on 1.0 mmol scale. ${ }^{b}$ Ratio was determined by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectroscopy.
thiocarbonyldiimidazole ${ }^{7}$ in refluxing toluene gave the thiocarbonylimidazolide $9(92 \%)$, which was reacted with $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{SnH}$ hydride in the presence of AIBN in refluxing toluene to afford the deoxygenated product 10 in $\mathbf{7 2 \%}$ yield. The acetonide was then removed from 10 by exposure to amberlyst-15 $\left(\mathrm{H}^{+}\right)$in methanol at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ leading to the diol 11 ( $72 \%$ yield), which was then monobenzylated selectively by the method of Nashed. ${ }^{8}$ Thus, treatment of 11 with $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{2} \mathrm{SnO}$ in methanol followed by exchange of the solvent with DMF and addition of benzyl bromide led to benzyl ether $\mathbf{1 2}$ in $74 \%$ yield. Swern oxidation of 12 then furnished the desired ketone 13 in quantitative yield.
The next operation in the sequence required addition of a methyl group to ketone 13 from the $\alpha$-face, delivering compound 14 . Examination of molecular models of $\mathbf{1 3}$ revealed a serious torsional interaction between the axial allyl group and the incoming nucleophile from the $\alpha$-face (see structure 14a, Scheme II). Prior

[^2]Scheme III ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) 1.2 equiv of $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{4} \mathrm{NF}$, THF, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $4 \mathrm{~h}, 99 \%$; (b) 1.1 equiv of $\mathrm{TsCl}, 1.5$ equiv of DMAP, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3$ h, $85 \%$; (c) 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{NaOMe}, \mathrm{MeOH}, 80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 16 \mathrm{~h}, 71 \%$.

Scheme IV ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) $\mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~h}, 5.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$, then (b) 2.2 equiv of vinylmagnesium bromide, THF, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $30 \mathrm{~min}, 20(45 \%), 21(44 \%)$; (c) 1.4 equiv of $(-) \mathrm{DET}, 1.4$ equiv of $\mathrm{Ti}(\mathrm{O}-i-\mathrm{Pr})_{4}, 2.0$ equiv of $t-\mathrm{BuOOH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-20$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 12 \mathrm{~h}$, 21a (42\%), unreacted $20(47 \%)$; (d) 1.2 equiv of $t$ $\mathrm{Bu} \mathrm{Ph}_{2} \mathrm{SiCl}, 2.0$ equiv of imidazole, $\mathrm{DMF}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 16 \mathrm{~h}, 88 \%$; (e) same as (a), then (f) 1.2 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}$, benzene, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 6 \mathrm{~h}$, $89 \%$ overall; (g) 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{NaH}, \mathrm{THF}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 5 \mathrm{~h}, 92 \%$.
complexation, however, to the $\beta$-benzyloxy substituent in $\mathbf{1 3}$ would hinder the top face to a varying degree so that attack from the bottom side would compete favorably. A thorough investigation of this reaction was, therefore, undertaken to determine the best conditions for the requisite preference. Table I summarizes some of the results obtained. As seen, most reagents and conditions favored the product of attack from the top face (leading to compound 15). The addition of $\mathrm{MgBr}_{2} \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ prior to addition of AlMe ${ }_{3}$, however, resulted in good selectivity ( $\mathbf{1 4 : 1 5} \mathrm{ca} .3: 1$ ) and yield ( $81 \%$ ). Diagram 14a (Scheme II) represents our hypothesis of complexation to explain this stereochemical outcome by preferential attack of "Me" from the bottom side of the molecule. Compounds 14 and 15 were distinguished by the successful conversion of $\mathbf{1 4}$ to the bridged bicyclic system 18 via diol 16 and tosylate 17 (Scheme III). This sequence proved the syn disposition of the tertiary hydroxy and the hydroxymethyl groups in compounds 14, 16, and 17. The tosylate derived from 15, on the other hand, failed to produce a cyclic ether under similar conditions. Scheme IV summarizes the next phase of the construction leading to the bicyclic system 25 from olefin 14. Thus, ozonolysis of 14 followed by $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$ workup gave the aldehyde 19 , which reacted with vinylmagnesium bromide in THF to afford diols 20 and 21 in $89 \%$ total yield (ca. 1:1 ratio by chromatographic separation). Determination of stereochemistry of the two isomers was tentatively based on the Sharpless kinetic resolution results. ${ }^{10}$ Thus, a mixture of $\mathbf{2 0}$ and $\mathbf{2 1}$ was reacted under Sharpless kinetic resolution conditions ${ }^{10}$ by using ( - )-diethyl tartrate, leading to
(10) Martin, V. S.; Woodard, S. S.; Katsuki, T.; Yamada, Y.; Ikada, M.; Sharpless. K. B. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1981, 103. 6237.

## Scheme $\mathbf{V}^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) 1.1 equiv of TMS-imidazole, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}$, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10 \mathrm{~min}, 85 \%$; (b) $\mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 2 \mathrm{~h}, 5.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$, then (c) 1.2 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}$, benzene, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 6 \mathrm{~h}, 85 \%$ overall; (d) 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{NaH}, \mathrm{THF}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $5 \mathrm{~h}, 72 \%$; (e) Jones' oxidation, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}, 69 \%$; (f) 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}, \mathrm{MeOH}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10 \mathrm{~min}, 85 \%$; (g) 1.2 equiv of $t-\mathrm{Bu}_{\mathrm{P}}^{2} 2 \mathrm{SiCl}, 2.0$ of equiv imidazole, DMF, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 16 \mathrm{~h}, 89 \%$.

42\% yield of epoxide 21a and 47\% unreacted allylic alcohol 20 suggesting the designated stereochemistries. An X-ray crystallographic analysis on an advanced intermediate (vide infra) confirmed this assignment. The correct stereoisomer 21 was taken to 25 as follows. Monosilylation under standard conditions ( $88 \%$ ) followed by ozonolysis gave aldehyde 23 ( $98 \%$ ) via silyl ether 22. Condensation of aldehyde 23 with the stabilized phosphorane $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}$ in benzene furnished, in $89 \%$ yield, the $E$ $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester 24. Finally, exposure of 24 to NaH at 25 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ in THF for 1 h gave the bicyclic system $\mathbf{2 5}$ in $92 \%$ yield as a single stereoisomer. The stereochemistry of the newly formed stereocenter in $\mathbf{2 5}$ was based on a $J$ value for $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}} / \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{b}}$ of 10.5 Hz , indicating a trans-diaxial relationship for these protons. Dreiding models confirmed the more comfortable diequatorial positions for the two appendages on the newly formed ring.

A sequence was then developed to funnel back into the synthesis the epimeric allylic alcohol 20. Scheme V presents the seven-step conversion of $\mathbf{2 0}$ to $\mathbf{2 5}$. Thus, protection of $\mathbf{2 0}$ as a trimethylsilyl ether followed by a similar sequence for the conversion of 21 to 25 (Scheme IV) led to compound 29 in $52 \%$ overall yield via compounds 26-28. A coupling constant $(J)$ for $\mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{a}} / \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{b}}$ of $<1 \mathrm{~Hz}$ supported the assigned stereochemistry for compound 29. Jones' oxidation of 29 at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ led directly to ketone 30 in $69 \%$ yield. From molecular modeling it was anticipated that hydride attack on the carbonyl group of compound $\mathbf{3 0}$ would occur from the axial direction (top face) leading to the required equatorial hydroxy group. Indeed, reduction of 30 with sodium borohydride at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ furnished a single compound (31, 85\%), which upon silylation with tert-butyldiphenylsilyl chloride proved to be identical with the previously obtained compound 25 ( $89 \%$ yield).

The fusion of the third ring (ring I of brevetoxin B) onto the bicyclic system 25 was then undertaken (Scheme VI). DIBAL reduction of $\mathbf{2 5}$ at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ produced the aldehyde $\mathbf{3 2}{ }^{11}(92 \%)$ which was subjected to Wittig olefination to afford the $E-\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester 33 in $86 \%$ yield. A second DIBAL reduction at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ produced the allylic alcohol 34 in $88 \%$ yield. Sharpless asymmetric epoxidation of 34 under various conditions gave poor selectivity. Surprisingly, however, high stereoselectivity was observed in the mCPBA epoxidation of $\mathbf{3 4}$ leading to the desired epoxide 35 as the major product ( $87 \%$ yield, ca. 10:1 ratio of isomers). At this juncture the stereochemistry of the major epoxide 35 was based on its ability to cyclize to a tetrahydrofuran system, whereas the minor isomer did not (vide infra). This assignment was later confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis of a derivative (vide infra). Swern oxidation of the epoxy alcohol 35 (95\%)
(11) The ability of this substrate to deliver cleanly the aldehyde $\mathbf{3 2}$ rather than the corresponding alcohol in this DIBAL reduction is presumably due to the presence of the $\beta$-alkoxy function, which stabilized the initially formed aluminum complex.


38A


Figure 1. Transition states 38A and 38B required for the cyclization of 38 and its epimer to tricyclic systems.

## Scheme VI ${ }^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) 1.5 equiv of DIBAL, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}$, then (b) 1.3 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}$, benzene, $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, $2 \mathrm{~h}, 75 \%$ overall; (c) 2.2 equiv of DIBAL, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$, $88 \%$; (d) 1.2 equiv of mCPBA, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}, 88 \%(\beta: \alpha 10: 1)$; (e) 1.5 equiv of $(\mathrm{COCl})_{2}, 2.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{DMSO}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30$ min, then 4.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$, then (f) same as (b), $72 \%$ overall; (g) 1.2 equiv of $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{4} \mathrm{NF}, \mathrm{THF}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{~h}, 89 \%$; (h) 0.2 equiv of CSA, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 3 \mathrm{~h}, 70 \%$; (i) 3.5 equiv of DIBAL, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 10$ min, $95 \%$; (j) same as (g), $100 \%$; (k) 3.0 equiv of $p-\mathrm{BrC}_{6} \mathrm{C}_{4} \mathrm{COCl}, 3.3$ equiv of DMAP, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}, 92 \%$.
followed by olefination ( $82 \%$ ) gave the 6 -endo activated epoxide 37 via aldehyde 36. Selective desilylation using just over stoichiometric amounts of fluoride then produced the hydroxy epoxide 38 in $89 \%$ yield ready for ring closure. Small amounts of bis(desilylated) product (ca. 5-7\%) produced in this reaction were separated chromatographically and could be recycled.

Cyclization of hydroxy epoxide 38 with camphorsulfonic acid (CSA) afforded smoothly the tricycle 39. Interestingly, the minor isomer of $\mathbf{3 5}$ failed to cyclize under these conditions and, therefore, this step served to separate the two epoxide isomers as well as to accomplish the construction of the desired tricyclic framework. The yield of 39 from a $10: 1$ mixture of 38 was $71 \%$ (single stereoisomer). The difference in the reactivity of the two epoxides toward ring closure is reflected in the required transition states 38A and 38B (Figure 1). As can be seen from these models, 38A is able to assume a comfortable, chairlike conformation, whereas 38B has to go through a high-energy boatlike arrangement before it reaches a tricyclic skeleton.

The structure of the tricyclic system 39 was confirmed by an X-ray crystallographic analysis of a crystalline derivative. Thus, DIBAL reduction of $\mathbf{3 9}$ afforded diol $\mathbf{4 0}$ in $95 \%$ yield. Desilylation of $\mathbf{4 0}$ using fluoride ( $98 \%$ ) followed by reaction with $p$-bromobenzoyl chloride and DMAP furnished the highly crystalline tribenzoate 42 ( $92 \%$ ), mp $175-177^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (from ether-hexane), via

Scheme VII ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Reagents and conditions: (a) $\mathrm{O}_{3}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}, 5.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ and 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$, then 4.0 equiv of $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$, $\mathrm{MeOH}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1 \mathrm{~h}, 95 \%$; (b) 1.1 equiv of $t-\mathrm{BuMe}_{2} \mathrm{SiCl}, 1.5$ equiv of imidazole, DMF, $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}, 91 \%$; (c) 1.5 equiv of $(\mathrm{COCl})_{2}, 2.0$ equiv of DMSO, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2},-7{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 30 \mathrm{~min}$, then 4.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}$, $98 \%$; (d) 1.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{OTf})_{2}, 10.0$ equiv of $\mathrm{EtSH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, 30 min, then (e) 0.2 equiv of $\mathrm{CSA}, \mathrm{MeOH}, 25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 15 \mathrm{~min}, 78 \%$ overall; (f) 5.0 equiv of $\mathrm{SO}_{3}$-pyr., 5.0 equiv of $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$-DMSO ( $1: 1$ ), $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 1.5 \mathrm{~h}, 83 \%$.
the triol 41. An X-ray crystallographic analysis ${ }^{12}$ on 42 proved the assigned stereochemistry (see the ORTEP drawing in Scheme VI).

The last phase of the synthesis was designed to prepare the IJK fragment (Scheme VII) of brevetoxin B for a coupling reaction with the FG ring system and the formation of the requisite oxocene system via our hydroxy dithio ketal technology. ${ }^{13}$ To this end, the olefin 39 was subjected to ozonolysis followed by sequential reduction with $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$ and $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ to afford diol 43 in $95 \%$ overall yield. Monosilylation of $\mathbf{4 3}$ with tert-butyldimethylsilyl chloride ( $91 \%$ ) followed by Swern oxidation ${ }^{9}$ furnished ketone 45 (98\% yield). Treatment of ketone 45 with excess EtSH in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ in the presence of $\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{OTf})_{2}$ followed by addition of methanol and camphorsulfonic acid (CSA) led to the hydroxy dithio ketal 47 via compound 46 ( $78 \%$ overall yield). Finally, oxidation of 47 with $\mathrm{SO}_{3} \cdot$ pyridine complex in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}-$ DMSO (1:1) furnished the targeted aldehyde 1 in $83 \%$ yield.

## Conclusion

A fully functionalized tricyclic system (1) corresponding to the IJK ring framework of brevetoxin B has been synthesized in optically active form from D-mannose pentaacetate. The described construction involves a stereocontrolled intramolecular Michael type reaction and a stereospecific cyclization of a 6 -endo activated hydroxy epoxide. This synthesis represents another demonstration of the power of the 6 -endo activation method ${ }^{4}$ for the construction of complex tetrahydropyran systems and is expected to facilitate an eventual total synthesis of the brevetoxins.

## Experimental Section

General Methods. See the Experimental Section of ref 2.
2,6-Anhydro-7,8,9-trideoxy-D-glycero-D-manno-non-8-enitol Tetraacetate (5). To a magnetically stirred mixture of mannose pentaacetate ( $39.00 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) and allyltrimethylsilane ( $13.68 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in acetonitrile ( 500 mL ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ were sequentially and dropwise added $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$. $\mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(27.20 \mathrm{~g}, 0.2 \mathrm{~mol})$ and $\operatorname{TMSOTf}(4.44 \mathrm{~g}, 0.02 \mathrm{~mol})$. After stirring for 1 h , the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and stirring was continued for another 16 h . The reaction mixture was poured onto a mixture of saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution ( 400 mL ) and ether ( 1.5 L ), and, after shaking, the organic layer was separated and washed with additional $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution ( 400 mL ), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(500 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine $\left(300 \mathrm{~mL}\right.$ ) and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. Solvent evaporation, followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave the $C$-glycoside $\mathbf{5}\left(27.90 \mathrm{~g}, 75 \%, \alpha: \beta\right.$ ca. $6.8: 1$ by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $)$. 5: oil; $R_{f}=0.61$ (silica, $80 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{17}{ }^{\mathrm{D}}+6.83^{\circ}$
(12) We thank Dr. Patrick Carroll of this Department for this X-ray crystallographic analysis.
(13) Nicolaou, K. C.; Duggan, M. E.; Hwang, C.-K. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1986, $108,2468$.
(c 1.2, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3080,2984,2958,1760,1751,1745$, $1648,1436,1375,1232,1056,926,740,705 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 250 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 5.78\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.20(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{OAc}, \mathrm{CH}=$ $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ) 4.30 (dd, $\left.J=12.0,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OAc}\right), 4.10$ (dd, $J=12.0$, $\left.3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{OAc}\right), 4.02(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.88(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O})$, $2.60-2.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.06,2.04,2.03,2.01(4 \times \mathrm{s}, 4$ $\left.\times 3 \mathrm{H}, 4 \times \mathrm{OCOCH}_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} m / e$ (rel intensity) $373(\mathrm{M}+1,65), 331$ (48), 313 (100), 253 (5), 229 (5), 211 (17), 193 (61), 169 (100), 151 (35), 127 (32), 109 (62), 97 (20), 83 (35); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{25} \mathrm{O}_{9}$ $(\mathrm{M}+1) 373.1499$, found 373.1505 .

2,6-Anhydro-7,8,9-trideoxy-D-glycero-D-manno-non-8-enitol (6), Sodium methoxide $(2.40 \mathrm{~g}, 0.05 \mathrm{~mol})$ was added to a stirred solution of compound $5(37.21 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ in methanol $(200 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 2 h at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the solvent was removed under reduced pressure and the residue was flash chromatographed (silica, $10 \% \mathrm{MeOH}$ in EtOAc) to furnish tetraol $6(20.40 \mathrm{~g}, 100 \%) .6$ oil; $R_{f}=0.15$ (silica, $10 \%$, MeOH in EtOAc ); $[\alpha]^{17} \mathrm{D}+24.30^{\circ}\left(c 2.65, \mathrm{MeOH}\right.$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3400$ (s, OH) $2984,2938,1648,1421,1272,1073,923,845,785,743 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CD} \mathrm{D}_{3} \mathrm{OD}\right) \delta 5.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.08(\mathrm{~m}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 3.88(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.79-3.55(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.53-2.23\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\right.$ $\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{9} \mathrm{H}_{10} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ (M) 204.0998, found 204.0993 .

2,6-Anhydro-1-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-7,8,9-trideoxy-4,5-O-iso-propylidene-D-glycero-D-manno-non-8-enitol (8), tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl chloride ( $27.49 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added to a stirred solution of alcohol 6 ( $20.40 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) and imidazole ( $7.48 \mathrm{~g}, 0.11 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in anhydrous DMF $(500 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 30 min at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction mixture was treated with camphorsulfonic acid (CSA, $4.65 \mathrm{~g}, 0.02 \mathrm{~mol}$ ), and 2 -methoxypropene ( $10.8 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added. Stirring was continued for another 1 h at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and then the reaction mixture was poured onto saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NaHCO}_{3}$ solution 400 mL and ether ( 1.5 L ). After shaking, the organic layer was separated and washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 400$ mL ) and brine ( 400 mL ) and dried over anhydrous $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$. Solvent removal followed by flash column chromatography gave compound 8 ( $39.52 \mathrm{~g}, 82 \%$ ). 8: oil; $R_{f}=0.70$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]{ }^{17}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}-5.83^{\circ}\left(c 1.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3095,3078$, 3037, 2995, 2938, 2860, 1648, 1592, 1485, 1430, 1385, 1221, 1115, 1070, $920,825,745,705,680 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.70(\mathrm{~m}$, $4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.40(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.10(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.87\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right)$, $3.87(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{OH}), 2.36\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.50,1.38(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 3 \mathrm{H}$, acetonide), $1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{e}$ (rel intensity) $500(\mathrm{M}+$ $\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 8$ ), 467 (13), 425 (100), 405 (100), 380 (55), 329 (28), 289 (59), 269 (42), 241 (64), 221 (27), 199 (61), 163 (39); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiN}\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 500.2832$, found 500.2813 .

2,6-Anhydro-1-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsily1)-7,8,9-trideoxy-4,5-O-iso-propylidene-D-glycero-D-manno-non-8-enitol Imidazole-1-carbothioate (9). A mixture of the hydroxy compound $8(48.22 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ and $1,1^{\prime}$-thiocarbonyldiimidazole ( $21.39 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) in toluene ( 200 mL ) was refluxed for 3 h . The solvent was then removed under vacuum, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) furnishing derivative $9(54.46 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%)$. 9: oil; $R_{f}$ $=0.65$ (silica, ether); $[\alpha]^{18}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}-9.50^{\circ}\left(c 4.4, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3138$, 3092, 3078, 3059, 2990, 2938, 2860, 1533, 1533, 1485, 1432, 1395, 1335, $1290,1290,1240,1118,995,828,708,682,656 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(250$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 8.30(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, imidazole), $7.70-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}$, imidazole, Ar), 7.05 (s, 1 H , imidazole), $6.10(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{OC}(\mathrm{S})-$ ), $5.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.18\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.40(\mathrm{t}, \mathrm{J}=5.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 4.08(\mathrm{t}, J=6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.90(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.78(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.44,1.35(2 \times \mathrm{s}$, $2 \times 3 \mathrm{H}$, acetonide), $1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / e$ (rel intens ity) $591(M+1,87), 535(100), 475(67), 381$ (100), 349 (100), 309 (100), 241 (100), 199 (100), 163 (100), 135 (100), 105 (100), 81 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{41} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{SiSN}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 593.2505$, found 593.2491 .

2,6-Anhydro-1-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-3,7,8,9-tetradeoxy-4,5-O-isopropylidene-D-altro-non-8-enitol (10). A mixture of the thioimidazolide $9(59.22 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol}), n-\mathrm{Bu}_{3} \mathrm{SnH}(43.65 \mathrm{~g}, 0.15 \mathrm{~mol})$, and AIBN ( $200 \mathrm{mg}, 1.20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in toluene ( 500 mL ) was heated to $110^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 h under an argon atmosphere. The solvent was then removed, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) giving compound $10(33.60 \mathrm{~g}, 72 \%) .10$ : oil; $R_{f}=0.31$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}+14.12^{\circ}$ (c 4.3, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3400(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3075,3050,3000,2938,2862$, $1648,1475,1432,1318,1270,1115,1000,920,823,742,705,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.66(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.19$ (m, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}\right)$, $5.81\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.03-3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 6$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), $2.85(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.96(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}), 1.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.02(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / e$ (rel intensity) $484\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 36\right) 451(18)$,

409 (100), 389 (100), 351 (48), 331 (38), 273 (60), 241 (89), 221 (27), 199 (43), 181 (22), 163 (28); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{28} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{SiN}(\mathrm{M}+$ $\mathrm{NH}_{4}$ ) 484.2883, found 484.2942.

2,6-Anhydro-1-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsily1)-3,7,8,9-tetradeoxy-4,5-O-isopropylidene-D-altro-non-8-enitol (11). The acetonide 10 (46.62, g, 0.1 $\mathrm{mol})$ together with amberlyst-15 $\left(\mathrm{H}^{+}, 7.0 \mathrm{~g}\right)$ in methanol $(500 \mathrm{~mL})$ was heated to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 h . Removal of the catalyst by filtration followed by concentration and flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave pure diol $11(30.69 \mathrm{~g}, 72 \%)$. 11: oil; $R_{f}=0.25$ (silica, $70 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}+13.62^{\circ}\left(c 0.9, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3400(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3075,3050,3000,2938,2862,1648,1475$, $1432,1318,1270,1115,1000,920,823,742,705,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.66(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.81(\mathrm{~m}, 1$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.03-3.50(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 2.83 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), $2.34\left(\mathrm{t}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}=\right.$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.96\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.02(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / e$ (rel intensity) $444\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 24\right), 427(\mathrm{M}+1$, 18), 409 (11), 391 (42), 349 (28), 331 (100), 313 (20), 291 (100), 273 (100), 253 (100), 221 (100), 201 (100), 181 (97), 135 (100), 117 (100), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{SiN}\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 444.2570$, found 444.2476. Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{25} \mathrm{H}_{34} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}: \mathrm{C}, 70.38 ; \mathrm{H}, 8.03$. Found: C , 70.25; H, 8.25 .

2,6-Anhydro-4-O-benzyl-1-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-3,7,8,9-tetra-deoxy-D-altro-non-8-enitol (12). A mixture of the diol 11 (42.62 g, 0.1 mol ) and $n-\mathrm{Bu}_{2} \mathrm{SnO}(24.90 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ in absolute methanol ( 1.0 L ) was heated under argon at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . The solvent was then removed under vacuum, and the residue was dried azeotropically with benzene (2 $\times 200 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) and dissolved in dry DMF ( 500 mL ). Benzyl bromide ( 25.65 $\mathrm{g}, 0.15 \mathrm{~mol}$ ) was added, and the mixture was heated at $100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 4 h before dilution with ether ( 2.0 L ) and washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 500 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 300 mL ). Drying of the organic layer $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$ followed by concentration and flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave pure monobenzyl ether $12(38.20 \mathrm{~g}, 74 \%)$. 12: oil; $R_{f}=0.65$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{19}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+25.13^{\circ}(c 0.8$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ) ; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3088,3039,2962,2935,2860$, 1432, 1120, 1010, 916, 827, 742, 704, $618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 250 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.70-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.80\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.06(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.64,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $3.94-3.60\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.32$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.88\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.05(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}-$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{40} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}) 516.2696$, found 516.2686 .
(2R,4S,6S )-2-Allyl-4-(benzyloxy)-6-[(tert-butyldiphenylsiloxy)-methylddihydro-2H-pyran-3(4H)-one (13). To a cold ( $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) stirred solution of oxalyl chloride ( $6.5 \mathrm{~mL}, 75 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in methylene chloride ( 500 mL ) under argon was added dimethyl sulfoxide ( $7.09 \mathrm{~mL}, 100 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). After stirring for 10 min , the alcohol $12(25.71 \mathrm{~g}, 50 \mathrm{mmol})$ in methylene chloride ( 50 mL ) was dropwise added at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and the mixture was stirred at that temperature for 1 h . Triethylamine ( $27.88 \mathrm{~mL}, 200 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was then dropwise added, and the reaction mixture was allowed to warm to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with stirring. After 10 min , the reaction mixture was poured onto a mixture of saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( 400 mL ) and ether ( 2.0 L). Shaking and separation of the organic layer were followed by washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 400 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 300 mL ) and drying ( Mg $\mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ). Evaporation of the solvent under vacuum afforded essentially pure product $13(25 \mathrm{~g}, 100 \%)$, which was used for the next step without further purification. 13: oil; $R_{f}=0.75$ (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) ; $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+18.58^{\circ}\left(c 7.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3075,3039,2960$, 2938, 2862, 1742 ( $\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{O}$ ), 1474, 1430, 1117, 825, 742, 704, 682, 615 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.68-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{k} \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.77(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.88,4.58(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), 4.38 (dd, $J=7.0,7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 4.28 (dd, $J=13.5,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 4.15(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.70(\mathrm{~m}, 2$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.48-2.0\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{32} \mathrm{H}_{38} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}) 514.2550$, found 514.2529 .

2,6-A nhydro-4- $O$-benzyl-1- $O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-3,7,8,9-tetra-deoxy-5-C-methyl-D-altro-non-8-enitol (14) and 4,8-Anhydro-6-O-benzyl-9- $O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-1,2,3,7-tetradeoxy-5- $C$-methyl-D-ido-non-1-enitol (15). A mixture of ketone $13(53.03 \mathrm{~g}, 0.1 \mathrm{~mol})$ and $\mathrm{MgBr} 2 \cdot \mathrm{Et}_{2} \mathrm{O}(33.57 \mathrm{~g}, 0.13 \mathrm{~mol})$ in methylene chloride ( 350 mL ) was cooled to $-50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under an argon atmosphere and stirred for 15 min before $\mathrm{AlMe}_{3}(150 \mathrm{~mL}$ of 2 M hexane solution, 0.3 mol$)$ was dropwise added. The reaction mixture was brought up to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and allowed to stir for $4 \mathbf{h}$ before being quenched with methanol ( 100 mL ) and diluted with ethyl acetate ( 1.5 L ). The mixture was washed with saturated aqueous solution of potassium sodium tartrate $(2 \times 500 \mathrm{~mL})$, water $(500 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine ( 400 mL ) and then dried ( $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ ). Evacuation of the solvent followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $3 \%$ ethyl acetate in benzene) gave alcohols 14 (slow moving, $32.60 \mathrm{~g}, 61 \%$ ) and 15 (fast moving, $10.68 \mathrm{~g}, 20 \%$ ). 14: oil; $R_{f}=0.22$ (silica, $4 \%$ ethyl acetate in benzene); $[\alpha]^{24} \mathrm{D}+56.06^{\circ}\left(c 1.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH})$,
$3078,3036,2960,2935,2860,1430,1362,1110,916,825,730,702,615$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.68-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.80(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.01(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH} 2), 4.64,4.39(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $3.95-3.77(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.65(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=6.0,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.67(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH})$, $2.25\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.18\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.02(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}$ (M) 530.2842 , found 530.2841 . Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}: \mathrm{C}, 74.68 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.98$. Found: C, $74.52 ; \mathrm{H}, 8.26$. 15: oil; $R_{f}=0.26$ (silica, $4 \%$ ethyl acetate in benzene); $[\alpha]^{24}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+49.96^{\circ}\left(c 2.3, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right.$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3480(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3095,3088$, $3040,2938,2865,1432,1365,1120,913,826,742,705,682,617 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.67-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.05\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.64,4.45(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.01 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $3.38-3.55\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.38(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 2.30(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{OH}), 2.03\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.59(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.03\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}) 530.2842$, found 530.2842 .

2,6-Anhydro-4-O-benzyl-3,7,8,9-tetradeoxy-5-C-methyl-D-altro-non-8-enitol (16). Tetra- $n$-butylammonium fluoride ( $1.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, 1.2 mmol ) was added to a solution of silyl ether 14 ( $530 \mathrm{mg}, 1 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry THF ( 5 mL ) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 4 h , the solvent was removed, and the residue was flashed chromatographed (silica, ether) giving diol 16 ( $290 \mathrm{mg}, 99 \%$ ). 16: oil; $R_{f}=0.30$ (silica, ether); $[\alpha]^{20} \mathrm{D}$ $+64.36^{\circ}\left(c 1.4, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3540(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3078,3020,2982$, $2842,2881,1602,1461,1372,1268,1181,1100,981,821,712,705,680$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.34(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.82(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.10\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H}_{2}\right), 4.65,4.44(2 \times \mathrm{d}, \mathrm{J}=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $3.96-3.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.68$ (br s, 1 $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.43-1.72\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; MS $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{e}$ (rel intensity) $310\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 100\right), 293(\mathrm{M}+1,32), 275(100), 247$ (22), 223 (20), 205 (9), 183 (22), 167 (82), 155 (48), 143 (28), 125 (58); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{28} \mathrm{O}_{4} \mathrm{~N}\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 310.2018$, found 310.2037 .

2,6-Anhydro-4- $O$-benzyl-3,7,8,9-tetradeoxy-5-C-methyl-D-altro-non-8-enitol 1-p-Toluenesulfonate (17). p-Toluenesulfonyl chloride ( 210 mg , 1.1 mmol ) was added in one portion to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of alcohol $16(290 \mathrm{mg}, 1.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and 4 -(dimethylamino) pyridine ( 183 $\mathrm{mg}, 1.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ under an argon atmosphere. The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature and was stirred for 3 h before dilution with methanol ( 0.5 mL ) and ether ( 50 mL ). The mixture was washed with aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( 10 mL ), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and then dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Concentration followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave compound 17 ( $379 \mathrm{mg}, 85 \%$ ). 17: oil; $R_{f}=0.25$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+67.53^{\circ}\left(c 1.5, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3430(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3065,3040,2982,2880,1458,1378,1271$, $1100,1032,921,740,705 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ $7.77-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.74\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.65,4.41(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), 4.38-3.46 (m, 5 H, CH-O, CH2-O), $2.62(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.45(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{4}-\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.42-1.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.17\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{e}$ (rel intensity) 446 (M, 43), 355 (16), 322 (11), 281 (100), 257 (9), 233 (14), 184 (25), 155 (54), 131 (58), 114 (32); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{30} \mathrm{~L}_{6} \mathrm{~S}$ (M) 446.1763 , found 446.1830 .

1,5:2,6-Dianhydro-4- $O$-benzyl-3,7,8,9-tetradeoxy-5-C-methyl-D-altro-non-8-enitol (18). A mixture of the tosylate $17(270 \mathrm{mg}, 0.61 \mathrm{mmol})$ and sodium methoxide ( $33 \mathrm{mg}, 0.61 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in absolute methanol ( 10 mL ) was refluxed for 16 h . The solvent was then removed under vacuum, and the product purified by flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) furnishing tricyclic compound $18(118 \mathrm{mg}, 71 \%) .18:$ oil; $R_{f}=0.45$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{20} \mathrm{D}+115.89^{\circ}(\mathrm{c}$ $1.8, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3078,2928,2941,2878,1640,1458,1351$, $1212,1175,1115,1000,924,865,818,738,704 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR (CDCl ${ }_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.33(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.82\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.07(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=$ $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.72,4.48(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.30-3.64(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.48-1.69\left(\mathrm{~s}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; MS $m / e$ (rel intensity) $292\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 44\right), 275(\mathrm{M}+1,95), 257(8), 233$ (16), 202 (11), 183 (13), 167 (34), 143 (12), 127 (15); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{O}_{3 \mathrm{~N}}\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 292.1913$, found 292.1881. Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{17} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ : $\mathrm{C}, 74.42 ; \mathrm{H}, 8.08$. Found: $\mathrm{C}, 74.21 ; \mathrm{H}, 8.08$.

5,9-Anhydro-7-O-benzyl-10-O-(tert -butyldiphenylsilyl)-1,2,4,8-tetra-deoxy-6-C-methyl-D-glycero-L-allo-dec-1-enitol (21) and 5,9-Anhydro-7-O-benzyl-10-O-(tert-butyldipheny1sily1)-1,2,4,8-tetradeoxy-6-C-methyl-D-glycero-L-altro-dec-1-enitol (20). Ozone was passed through a solution of compound $14(28.02 \mathrm{~g}, 50 \mathrm{mmol})$ in methylene chloride ( 500 mL ) at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ until a blue coloration persisted (ca. 2 h ). The excess ozone was removed by a stream of oxygen before dimethyl sulfide ( 10 mL ) was added slowly followed by triphenylphosphine ( $13.1 \mathrm{~g}, 50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) both at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The cooling was removed, and the reaction mixture was stirred for 3 h before the solvent was removed under vacuum and below $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to afford the corresponding aldehyde (19), which was immediately
subjected to the next reaction without purification. To this crude aldehyde (19) in anhydrous THF ( 300 mL ) at $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was added dropwise vinylmagnesium bromide ( 110 mL of 1 M solution in THF, 110 mmol ) with stirring and under an argon atmosphere. After stirring at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min , the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated aqueous $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( 50 mL ) and diluted with ether ( 800 mL ). After shaking and separation, the organic phase was washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 300 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 300 mL ) and dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Concentration followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave the two allylic alcohols 21 (fast moving, $12.6 \mathrm{~g}, 45 \%$ ) and 20 (slow moving, $12.3 \mathrm{~g}, 44 \%$ ). 21: oil; $R_{f}=0.35$ (silica, $60 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+52.75^{\circ}\left(c 4.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3500(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH})$, $3090,3075,3038,2960,2938,2862,1482,1432,1120,925,824,722$, $705,682,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.75-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 15$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 5.88 (ddd, $J=16.0,11.0,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 5.28 (d, $J$ $\left.=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.07\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $4.60,4.36(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic $), 4.30(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}\right), 4.15-3.90\left(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}\right.$ or $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.68(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 3.61\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.0,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.47$ (dd, $J=$ $4.0,4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} H-\mathrm{O}), 2.78(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{OH}), 1.90(\mathrm{t}, J=4.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.88-1.64\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.20\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.06(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ MS $m / e$ (rel intensity): $501(\mathrm{M}+1,23), 543$ (29), 465 (46), 407 (44), 339 (64), 297 (90), 263 (100), 229 (100), 199 (100), 161 (62), 135 (86); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 561.3036$, found 561.3070. 20; oil; $R_{f}=0.30$ (silica, $60 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+35.49^{\circ}\left(c 3.5, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3460(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3094,3078$, $3039,2960,2936,2862,1482,1430,1115,825,825,722,705,680,617$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.65-7.17(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.85$ (ddd, $J=16.0,10.5,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), 5.23 (ddd, $J=16.0,1.0$, $1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C} H_{2}$ ), 5.04 (ddd, $J=10.5,1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H}_{2}$ ), $4.57,4.32(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.35(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}\right), 4.00\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.85(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 3.55 (dd, $J=11.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 3.42 (dd, $J=4.5$, $4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 3.05 (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), 2.71 (s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), $1.85-1.65$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.15\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS m/e (rel intensity) 561 ( $\mathrm{M}+1,28$ ), 543 (33), 435 (47), 431 (62), 407 (64), 377 (18), 339 (28), 289 (16), 263 (63), 235 (29), 199 (100), 163 (33), 135 (74), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{36} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 561.3036$, found 561,3003 .

1,2:5,9-Dianhydro-7- $O$-benzyl-10- $O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-4,8-di-deoxy-6-C-methyl-D-threo-L-altro-decitol (21a), tert-Butyl hydroperoxide ( $0.2 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.93 \mathrm{M}$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{ClCH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}, 1.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added dropwise to a mixture of alcohols 20 and 21 (ca. $1: 1$ mixture, $280 \mathrm{mg}, 0.5 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), diethyl L-tartrate ( $0.12 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.7 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and titanium(IV) isopropoxide $(0.21 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.7 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The mixture was stirred for 12 h before quenching with $10 \%$ tartaric acid ( 2 mL ) and dilution with ether $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic phase was separated and washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$. Drying ( $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ ) followed by solvent evaporation and flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave epoxide alcohol 21a (slow moving, $120 \mathrm{mg}, 42 \%$ ) and unreacted alcohol 20 (fast moving, $132 \mathrm{mg}, 47 \%$ ). 21a: oil; $R_{f}=0.30$ (silica, $60 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{20} \mathrm{D}+20.56^{\circ}$ (c $0.9, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3496(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3078,3057,3005,2962$, 2938, 2860, 1431, 1362, 1265, 1117, 825, 745, 702, $614 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.67-7.16(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.59,4.35(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=$ $12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), 4.18-3.46(m,6 H, CH-O, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.78$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.96$ (m, 1 H , epoxide), $2.80(\mathrm{dd}, J=5.0,4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ H, epoxide), $2.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.71$ (dd, $J=5.0,2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), $2.07-1.30\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right) 1.24\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.09(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}-$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ MS $m / e$ (rel intensity) $577(\mathrm{M}+1,18), 519(10), 441$ (21), 393 (18), 367 (10), 333 (33), 303 (36), 263 (60), 235 (59), 199 (100), 135 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{34} \mathrm{H}_{45} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 577.2985$, found 577.3013.

5,9-Anhydro-7-O-benzyl-3,10-bis[ $O$-(tert -butyldiphenylsilyl)]-1,2,4,8-tetradeoxy-6-C-methyl-D-glycero-L-allo-dec-1-enitol (22). tert-Butyldiphenylsilyl chloride ( $8.25 \mathrm{~g}, 30.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added in one portion to a cooled ( $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and stirred solution of alcohol $21(14.0 \mathrm{~g}, 25.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and imidazole ( $3.4 \mathrm{~g}, 50.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMF ( 50 mL ) under an argon atmosphere. The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature and was stirred for 16 h before dilution with methanol ( 20 mL ) and ether ( 500 mL ). The mixture was washed with aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution $(300 \mathrm{~mL}), \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 300 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(200 \mathrm{~mL})$ and then dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Concentration followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave compound 22 ( 17.56 g , $88 \%$ ). 22: oil; $R_{f}=0.25$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22}{ }_{D}$ $+34.33^{\circ}$ (c $2.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{OH}), 3092,3078$, $3040,2962,2939,2895,2893,1433,1365,1118,927,825,742,705,680$, $617 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.70-7.23$ (m, $\left.25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}\right), 5.93$ (ddd, $\left.J=16.0,11.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.09\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $4.65,4.43(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.22(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$,
$\mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 3.69 (dd, $\left.J=11.0,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.50(\mathrm{~m}$, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.23(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.96(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.53(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.81-1.50\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.10\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, 1.06, $1.03\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{50} \mathrm{H}_{62} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Si}_{2}$ (M) 798.4220, found 798.4240 .

Methy1 ( $\boldsymbol{E}$ )-6,10-Anhydro-8-O-benzyl-4,11-bis[ $O$-(tert -butyldiphenylsily 1 )]-2,3,5,9-tetradeoxy-7-C-methyl-D-glycero-L-allo-undec-2enonate (24). The terminal olefin 22 ( $17.56 \mathrm{~g}, 22.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was ozonized to the corresponding aldehyde by using the procedure described above for the conversion of 14 to its corresponding aldehyde. The crude aldehyde (23) so obtained ( $16.82 \mathrm{~g}, 19.6 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in dry benzene ( 50 mL ), and methyl (triphenylphosphoranylidene)acetate ( 8.36 $\mathrm{g}, 25 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 6 h , the solvent was removed, and the product was purified by flash column chromatography (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) furnishing pure 24 ( $14.98 \mathrm{~g}, 89 \%$ from 22). 24: oil; $R_{f}=0.20$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]{ }^{22}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}$ $+14.5^{\circ}\left(c 4.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3430(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{OH}), 3095,3078,3038$, 2960, 2939, 2862, 1730 (s, COOMe), 1665 (m, CH=CHCOOMe), $1482,1430,1302,1275,916,825,723,1302,1275,916,825,723,705$, $680,616 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.70-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$, 7.08 (dd, $J=16.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $6.08(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $4.64,4.42(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.45(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, 3.70(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 3.68$ (s, 3 H , $\mathrm{COOCH}_{3}$ ), $3.50\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right.$ ), $3.15(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.0,5.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.83(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.48(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.78-1.50$ $\left(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.07,1.03\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 1.05(\mathrm{~s}, 3$ $\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{52} \mathrm{H}_{65} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 857.428$, found 857.423. Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{52} \mathrm{H}_{64} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}: \mathrm{C}, 72.86 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.53$. Found: C , 72.98 ; H, 7.64.

Methyl 3,7:6,10-Dianhydro-8-O-benzyl-4,11-bis[ $O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl) ]-2,5,9-trideoxy-7-C-methyl-D-threo-L-allo-undeconate (25), Sodium hydride ( $0.4 \mathrm{~g}, 60 \%$ oil dispersion, 10.0 mmol ) was added in one portion to a solution of hydroxy ester $24(8.56 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry THF ( 50 mL ) with cooling ( $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and stirring. The reaction mixture was stirred at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 5 h and then was quenched with methanol ( 20 mL ) and ether $(300 \mathrm{~mL})$. Washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 100 mL ) followed by drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, concentration, and flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) afforded bicyclic compound 25 ( $7.87 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%$ ). 25: oil; $R_{\mathrm{f}}=0.45$ (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+39.41^{\circ}\left(c 2.4, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3083$, 3064, 3030, 2951, 2931, 2882, 2855, 1750 (s, COOMe), 1471, 1427, 1278, 1100, 1060, 820, 738, 700, 675, $610 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $(250 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.82-7.22(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.75,4.53(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), 4.17-3.97(m,3 H, CH-O), $3.80(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O})$, $3.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 3.52\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.62(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=13.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$-COOMe), 2.20 (dd, $J=13.5,10.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOMe}\right), 2.10-1.65\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.11,1.09$ $\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{52} \mathrm{H}_{65} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+$ 1) 857.428 , found 857.423 .

5,9-Anhydro-7-O-benzyl-10-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-1,2,4,8-tetra-deoxy-6-C-methyl-3-O-(trimethylsilyl)-D-glycero-L-altro-dec-1-enitol (26). 1-(Trimethylsilyl)imidazole ( $1.54 \mathrm{~g}, 11.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added dropwise to a solution of alcohol $20(5.6 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 10 min , the reaction mixture was diluted with methanol ( 5.0 mL ) and ether ( 300 mL ). Washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 100$ mL ) and brine ( 100 mL ) followed by drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, concentration, and flash column chromatography (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave compound 26 ( $5.37 \mathrm{~g}, 85 \%$ ). 26: oil; $R_{f}=0.24$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{23}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+51.13^{\circ}\left(c 1.9 \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3460$ (m, OH), 3095, 3080, 3040, 2962, 2938, 2862, 1432, 1365, 1250, 1118, $1032,925,850,733,705,681,617 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.67-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.83$ (ddd, $J=16.0,10.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.15\left(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 5.01(\mathrm{~d}, J=10.0$ $\left.\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 4.74,4.46(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.19\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.90,3.43(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.64(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 1.94\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.59\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, 1.19 (s, $\left.3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.01\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H},-\mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS $m / e$ (rel intensity) $633(\mathrm{M}+1,51), 615$ (92), 543 (33), 507 (52), 465 (54), 357 (69), 317 (68), 263 (100), 207 (100), 135 (100), 92 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{37} \mathrm{H}_{53} \mathrm{O}_{5} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 633.3432$, found 633.3410 .

Methyl ( $E$ )-6,10-Anhydro-8-O-benzyl-11-O-(tert-butyldiphenyl-sily1)-2,3,5,9-tetradeoxy-7-C-methyl-4-O-(trimethylsilyl)-D-glycero-L-altro-undec-2-enonate (28). The $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester 28 was prepared from terminal olefin $26(15.38 \mathrm{~g}, 24.32 \mathrm{mmol})$ by the same procedure used to convert 22 to 24 described above. Flash column chromatography (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) afforded pure $28(14.27 \mathrm{~g}, 85 \%)$. 28: oil; $R_{f}=0.20$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+44.34^{\circ}$ (c $1.8, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{OH}), 3084,3066,3030,2848$, 2928, 2858, 1725 (s, COOMe), 1658 (m, CH=CHCOOMe), 1478, $1427,1250,1165,1108,1026,972,840,748,701,675,611 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$

NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.68-7.32(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.92(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0$, $5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 5.96 (dd, $J=16.0,1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 4.73 , $4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 11 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.34(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}=$ $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$ ), $3.88-3.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.61(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH})$, $1.94(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} 2), 1.60\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.16\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.06(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.02\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Si}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS $m / e$ (rel intensity) 691 $(\mathrm{M}+1,24), 633$ (61), 565 (9), 525 (23), 435 (16), 375 (21), 241 (46), 187 (100), 135 (62), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{55} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1)$ 691.3486, found 691.3461.

Methyl 3,7:6,10-Dianhydro-8-O-benzyl-11-O-(tert -butyldiphenyl-sily1)-2,5,9-trideoxy-7-C-methyl-4-O-(trimethylsilyl)-D-threo-L-glucoundeconate (29). The preparation of 29 from $28(14.27 \mathrm{~g}, 20.68 \mathrm{mmol})$ was carried out as described above for the conversion of 24 to 25 . After flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) the cyclized product $29(10.27 \mathrm{~g}, 72 \%)$ was obtained. 29: oil; $R_{f}=0.31$ (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+39.00^{\circ}\left(c 2.5, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3096,3078,3040,2960,2900,2862,1745$ (s, COOMe), 1432, 1300, 1255, 1120, 1071, 845, 742, 705, 681, $613 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.68-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.98,4.53(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.57(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, TMSOCH, equatorial), 4.17-3.54 (m, 6 H, CH-O $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.70\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 2.58(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 2.20-1.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.04$ (s, $\left.9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / e$ (rel intensity) $691(\mathrm{M}+1,20), 659$ (9), 525 (100), 465 (35), 435 (100), 375 (11), 331 (13), 259 (100), 207 (100), 141 (100), 91 (100); HRMS caled for $\mathrm{C}_{39^{-}}$ $\mathrm{H}_{55} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 691.3486$, found 691.3567.

Meth 3,7:6,10-Anhydro-8-O-benzyl-11-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-2,5,9-trideoxy-7-C-methyl-D-glycero-L-allo-4-undeculosonate (30). Jones' reagent ( 15 mL of a solution prepared from 11.1 g of $\mathrm{CrO}_{3}, 9.7$ mL of concentrated $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, and 25 mL of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) was added dropwise to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of compound $29(6.9 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in acetone ( 50 mL ). After stirring at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min , the reaction mixture was quenched with isopropyl alcohol ( 10 mL ) and then was diluted with ether ( 500 mL ). Washing with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 100 mL ) followed by drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, evaporation, and flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave ketone $30(4.25 \mathrm{~g}, 69 \%)$. 30; oil; $R_{f}=0.32$ (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) ; $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}+35.85^{\circ}\left(\mathrm{c} 1.4, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3091$, 3075, 3038, 2958, 2938, 2890, 2861, 1748 (s, COOMe), $1730(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CO})$, 1430, 1355, 1280, $1178,1118,825,752,705,680,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.72-7.24(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.78,4.58(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=$ $12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.43-3.66\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.60$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}$ ), 2.88 (d, $J=5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CO}$ ), 2.80 (dd, $J=$ $16.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CO}), 2.50\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\right.$ $\mathrm{CO}), 2.14\left(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.39\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.12\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{C} \mathrm{H}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS $m / e$ (rel intensity) $634\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 9\right), 559$ (34), 451 (38), 391 (11), 361 (15), 275 (45), 241 (42), 207 (100), 168 (53), 135 (32), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{36} \mathrm{H}_{48} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{SiN}\left(\mathrm{N}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 634.3200$, found 634.3254 .

Methyl 3,7:6,10-Anhydro-8-O-benzyl-11-O-(tert-butyldiphenyl-sily1)-2,5,9-trideoxy-7-C-methyl-D-threo-L-allo-undeculosonate (31). Sodium borohydride ( $0.38 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added in one portion to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ stirred solution of ketone $30(6.16 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in absolute methanol ( 50 mL ). Upon completion ( $\sim 10 \mathrm{~min}$ ) the reaction mixture was diluted with ether ( 500 mL ) and then washed with aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution $(2 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL}), \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 100 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine $(100 \mathrm{~mL})$. Drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, concentration, and flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave pure 31 ( $5.25 \mathrm{~g}, 85 \%$ ). 31: oil; $R_{f}=0.25$ (silica, $60 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{21} \mathrm{D}+55.81^{\circ}(c$ $2.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3440(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3086,3068,3030,2950$, $2886,2881,1750(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COOMe}), 1428,1110,1050,1000,820,728,700$, $678,611 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.76-7.28(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar})$, $4.80,4.57(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.23-3.33(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 2.84 (dd, $J=15.5,4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CO}$ ), 2.50 (dd, $\left.J=15.5,7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CO}\right), 2.47(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.07(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.64\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.14\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ; \mathrm{MS} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{e}$ (rel intensity) $636\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}, 6\right), 561$ (7), 453 (18), 393 (10), 361 (5), 241 (25), 207 (68), $168(25), 141$ (22), 91 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{36} \mathrm{H}_{50^{-}}$ $\mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{SiN}\left(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{NH}_{4}\right) 636.3357$, found 636.3381 .

Silylation of 31 to 25 . The silylation of $31(3.2 \mathrm{~g}, 5.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ to compound 25 was performed exactly in the same manner as that of 21 to 22 described above. After flash column chromatography (silica, 20\% ether in petroleum ether), pure $25(3.8 \mathrm{~g}, 89 \%)$ exhibited identical chromatographic and spectroscopic properties as described above.

Methyl ( $E$ )-5,9:8,12-Dianhydro-10- $O$-benzyl-6,13-bis[ $O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl) ]-2,3,4,7,11-pentadeoxy-9-C -methyl-D-threo-L-allo-tridec-2-enonate (33). DIBAL ( $15.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ solution in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 15.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dropwise added to a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of ester 25 ( $8.56 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ under argon. After stirring at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 15 min , the reaction mixture was quenched with methanol $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$, diluted with ethyl acetate ( 500 mL ), and washed with aqueous
saturated potassium sodium tartrate solution $(2 \times 200 \mathrm{~mL}), \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(200$ $\mathrm{mL})$, and brine $(100 \mathrm{~mL})$. Drying $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$ followed by filtration and concentration gave crude aldehyde $32(8.20 \mathrm{~g})$, which was condensed directly with methyl (triphenylphosphoranylidene) acetate ( $4.35 \mathrm{~g}, 12$ mmol ) according to the procedure described above for the preparation of 24 from 23. After flash chromatography, the $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester 33 ( $6.62 \mathrm{~g}, 75 \%$ overall from 25) was obtained. 33: oil; $R_{f}=0.68$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{23} \mathrm{D}+40.85^{\circ}\left(\mathrm{c} 1.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3100,3080,3042,3004,2960,2941,2900,2864,1730$ (s, COOMe), $1662(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}), 1482,1431,1278,1112,828,742,705,680$, $615 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.74-7.15(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.95$ (dd, $J=15.5,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $5.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $4.70,4.48(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.05-3.42(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.72\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 2.70(\mathrm{dd}, \mathrm{J}=15.0,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $\left.1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C}\right), 2.14-1.62(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH} 2), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.07$, $1.03\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{54} \mathrm{H}_{67} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}$ $(M+1) 883.443$, found 883.451 .
( $\boldsymbol{E}$ ) - 2,6:5,9-Dianhydro-4- $\boldsymbol{O}$-benzyl-1,8-bis[ $\boldsymbol{O}$-(tert -butyldiphenyl-silyl)]-3,7,10,11,12-pentadeoxy-5-C-methyl-D-erythro-L-altro-tridec-11enitol (34). DIBAL ( $22.0 \mathrm{~mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ solution in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}, 22.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added dropwise to a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of ester 33 (8.83 $\mathrm{g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ( 50 mL ) under argon. After stirring at -78 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min , methanol ( 20 mL ) was added, and the reaction mixture was worked up as described above for the DIBAL reduction of $\mathbf{2 5}$ to $\mathbf{3 2}$. After flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether), pure compound 34 was obtained ( $7.51 \mathrm{~g}, 88 \%$ ). 34: oil; $R_{f}=0.33$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{23}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+28.00^{\circ}\left(c \mathrm{l} .5, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3090,3078,3040,3000,2962,2938,2900$, $2860,1590,1475,1431,1365,1196,1110,1000,827,742,710,680,615$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; 'H NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.75-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.60(\mathrm{~m}$, 2 H , olefinic), $4.80,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), 4.11-3.50 (m, 7 H, CH-O, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.59(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C}\right), 2.25-1.68\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.13,1.07$ $\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{53} \mathrm{H}_{67} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+$ 1) 855.488 , found 855.482 . Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{53} \mathrm{H}_{66} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{Si}_{2}: \mathrm{C}, 74.43 ; \mathrm{H}$, 7.78. Found: $\mathrm{C}, 74.32, \mathrm{H}, 8.01$.

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-10-O-benzyl-6,13-bis[ $O$-(tert-butyldiphenyl-silyl)]-4,7,11-trideoxy-9-C-methyl-D-talo-L-altro-tridecitol (35). mChloroperoxybenzoic acid (mCPBA, $2.58 \mathrm{~g}, 85 \%$ pure, 12.0 mmol ) was added in one portion to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of allylic alcohol $34(8.54 \mathrm{~g}, 10.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$. After stirring for 30 min at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, the reaction mixture was quenched with $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~S}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ followed by $\mathrm{Et}_{3} \mathrm{~N}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$. Evaporation of the solvents followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave epoxide 35 ( $7.40 \mathrm{~g}, 88 \%$, mixture of two isomers, $\beta: \alpha \geq 10: 1$ by ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR, ratio of signals at $\delta 4.50$ and 4.45 for one of the benzylic protons). 35: oil; $R_{f}=0.30$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }}$ $3450(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{OH}), 3450,3100,3078,3049,2962,2938,2896,2862,1432$, $1118,828,743,709,680,615 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) (signals corresponding to the major product 35) $\delta 7.69-7.14$ (m, $25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ), $4.69,4.50(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.04-3.45(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ) 2.99 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), 2.89 ( $\mathrm{m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), $2.08-1.60\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.04,1.01(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{53} \mathrm{H}_{67} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 871.443$, found 871.448 .

Methy1 ( $E$ )-4,5:7,11:10,14-Trianhydro-12-O-benzyl-8,15-bis $[O$ -(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)]-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-altro-pentadec-2-enonate (37). Oxalyl chloride ( $1.31 \mathrm{~mL}, 15.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was slowly added to a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of dimethyl sulfoxide ( $1.42 \mathrm{~mL}, 20.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ under argon. After stirring for 10 min , the alcohol $35(8.7 \mathrm{~g}$, mixsture, ca. $10: 1 \beta: \alpha$ epoxide isomers, 10 mmol ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was dropwise added at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and stirring was continued at that temperature for 1 h . Triethylamine ( $5.6 \mathrm{~mL}, 40 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was then dropwise added at $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the reaction mixture was allowed to reach $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, stirred for an additional 10 min and then poured onto a mixture of aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( 50 mL ) and ether ( 300 mL ). The organic phase was separated, washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 30 mL ), and dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. The crude aldehyde 36 obtained after removal of the solvents was immediately reacted with methyl (triphenylphosphoranylidene) acetate (4.01 $\mathrm{g}, 12 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry benzene ( 30 mL ) at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}(3 \mathrm{~h})$ to afford, after removal of the solvent and flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether), compound $37(6.65 \mathrm{~g}, 72 \%$ overall from 35 , ca. 10:1 mixture of $\beta: \alpha$ epoxide isomers). 37: oil; $R_{f}=0.5$ (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3096,3075,3052,3038,2960$, 2936, 2892, 2860, 1726 (s, COOMe), 1662 (m, CH $=$ CHCOOMe), $1428,1268,1110,823,735,700,678,609 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{\prime} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 250 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.70-7.10(\mathrm{~m}, 25 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 5.62(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.0,7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $6.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $4.66,4.49(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.02-3.44\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3$
$\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 3.16(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), $2.94(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), $2.08-1.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.08,1.02(2 \times$ $\left.\mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{C}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{56} \mathrm{H}_{69} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1)$ 925.454 , found 925.458 .

Methyl $(E)$-4,5:7,11:10,14-Trianhydro-12-O-benzyl-8-hydroxy-15-$O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-altro-pentadec-2-enonate (38). Tetra- $n$-butylammonium fluoride ( 12.0 $\mathrm{mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, 12.0 mmol ) was added to a solution of bissilyl ether 37 ( 9.24 g , mixture, ca. $10: 1 \beta$ : $\alpha$ epoxide isomers, 10.0 mmol ) in dry THF $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. After stirring for 3 h , the solvent was removed, and the residue was flashed chromatographed (silica, ethyl acetate) giving $38(6.11 \mathrm{~g}, 89 \%)$ and the corresponding desilylated product ( 314 mg , 7\%). 38: oil; $R_{f}=0.45$ (silica, $80 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s} . \mathrm{OH}), 3058,3047,2960,2937,2862,1732$ (s, COOMe), $1665(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}), 1432,1310,1269,1192,1115,1048,828$, $740706,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.70-7.18(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}$, Ar), 6.58 (dd, $J=15.5,6.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $6.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1$ H , olefinic), $4.72,4.56(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.20-3.42\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.23$ (dd, $J=6.5,3.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, epoxide), $2.98\left(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right.$, epoxide), $2.16-1.48\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.22\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $1.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd $\mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{50} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{SiNa}(M+\mathrm{Na})$ 709.3173, found 709.3134. The corresponding diol exhibited the following data: oil; $R_{f}=0.20$ (silica, ethyl acetate); IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3430$ $(\mathrm{s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3092,3060,3036,1725(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{COOMe}), 1662(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CH}=$ CHCOOMe), $1440,1350,1311,1268,1200,1110,1048,852,742,700$ $\mathrm{cm}^{-1},{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.57(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $16.0,7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $6.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 4.85 , $4.63(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.30-3.44(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.78\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH} \mathrm{C}_{3}\right), 3.26(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=7.0 \mathrm{~Hz}$, epoxide), 3.06 (m, 1 H , epoxide), 2.69 (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.28-1.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.32$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ); MS m/e (rel intensity): $449(\mathrm{M}+1,38) ; 417$ (8), 324 (100), 293 (12), 255 (28), 225 (21), 199 (83), 169 (44), 141 (70), 92 (100); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{O}_{8}(\mathrm{M}+1) 449.2175$, found 449.2163 . Anal. Caled for $\mathrm{C}_{24} \mathrm{H}_{32} \mathrm{O}_{8}: \mathrm{C}, 64.27 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.19$. Found: $\mathrm{C}, 64.08 ; \mathrm{H}, 7.52$.

Methyl $(E)$-4,8:7,11:10,14-Trianhydro-12-O-benzyl-15-O-(tert-bu-tyldiphenylsilyl)-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-allo-pen-tadec-2-enonate (39). Camphorsulfonic acid ( $464 \mathrm{mg}, 2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added portionwise to a cold ( $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) and stirred solution of epoxide alcohol 38 ( $6.86 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$, mixture, ca. $10: 1 \beta: \alpha$ epoxide isomers) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(100 \mathrm{~mL})$. The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature, and stirring was continued until completion (ca. 3 h ) before quenching with triethylamine ( 1 mL ). The solution was diluted with $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(150 \mathrm{~mL})$, washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, and then dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Removal of the solvent followed by flash column chromatography (silica, ether) gave the pure cyclized product 39 ( 4.80 g, $70 \%$, single isomer, only $\beta$ epoxide cyclized). 39: oil; $R_{f}=0.40$ (silica, $70 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+28.00^{\circ}\left(c 8.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3092,3075,3038,3000,2962,2938,2894,2860,1730$ (s, COOMe), $1665(\mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{CHCOOMe}), 1483,1432,1310,1116$, $829,746,706,680 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$, 'H NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.68-7.25(\mathrm{~m}$, $15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 7.08$ (dd, $J=16.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 6.18 (dd, $J=16.0$, $1.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $4.75,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.22-3.85\left(\mathrm{~m}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{C} \mathrm{H}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 3.76\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{COOCH}_{3}\right), 2.50(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.36-1.40\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.27\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.05(\mathrm{~s}, 9$ $\left.\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{50} \mathrm{O}_{8} \mathrm{SiNa}(\mathrm{M}+\mathrm{Na}) 709.3173$, found 709.3195 .
( $E$ ) -4,8:7,11:10,14-Trianhydro-1,5-dihydroxy-12-O-benzyl-15-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-allo-pentadec-2-enitol (40). DIBAL ( $0.7 \mathrm{~mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in hexane, 0.7 mmol ) was added dropwise to a solution of compound $39(137 \mathrm{mg}, 0.2 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and $-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 10 min at that temperature before dilution with methanol ( 1 mL ) and ethyl acetate ( 20 mL ). The mixture was washed with potassium sodium tartrate $(2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mL}), \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine ( 5 mL ) and then dried ( $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ ). Concentration followed by flash column chromatography (silica, ether) gave diol $40(125 \mathrm{mg}, 95 \%)$. 40: oil, $R_{f}=0.52$ (silica, ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]^{23} \mathrm{D}+32.41^{\circ}\left(c 3.2, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {msx }} 3368(\mathrm{~s}$, $\mathrm{OH}), 3072,3051,2956,2929,2860,1468,1430,1268,1110,1051,1008$, $827,740,705,617 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.70-7.23(\mathrm{~m}$. $15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ), 6.04 (ddd, $J=16.0,5.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), 5.73 (dd, $J=16.0,6.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H},=\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), $4.75,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=$ $12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.20-2.86\left(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.75$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), $2.46(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OH}), 2.18-1.38\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.24$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ) , $1.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS $m / e$ (rel intensity): 659 $(M+1,7), 641(20), 601(100), 565(14), 523(18), 493$ (100), 433 (100), 397 (66), 319 (35), 241 (100), 207 (100), 163 (60), 135 (55); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{51} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}(\mathrm{M}+1) 659.3404$, found 659.3480 .
( $E$ ) $-4,8: 7,11: 10,14$-Trianhydro-1,5,15-trihydroxy-12- $O$-benzyl-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-allo-pentadec-2-enitol (41). Tetra-n-butylammonium fluoride ( $0.15 \mathrm{~mL}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in THF, 0.15 mmol )
was added into a solution of compound 40 ( $66 \mathrm{mg}, 0.01 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in THF $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The reaction mixture was stirred for 6 h at that temperature, and then the solvent was removed under vacuum followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $5 \%$ methanol in ethyl acetate) giving triol 41 ( $42 \mathrm{mg}, 100 \%$ ). 41: oil; $R_{f}=0.35$ (silica, $5 \%$ methanol in ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]^{23} \mathrm{D}+39.48^{\circ}\left(c 2.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3400$ (s, OH), 3061, 3024, 2940, 2878, 1642, 1452, 1381, 1350, 1275, 1208, $1131,1048,908,735,695,647 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ $7.36(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.02$ (ddd, $J=15.5,4.5,4.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 5.71 (dd, $J=15.5,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $4.86,4.57(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.28-3.05\left(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.75-1.42(\mathrm{~m}$, $9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}$ ), $1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; MS m/e (rel intensity) 421 (M+ 1, 12), 315 (35), 297 (16), 279 (8), 242 (7), 207 (24), 171 (23), 142 (100), 127 (25); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{23} \mathrm{H}_{33} \mathrm{O}_{7}(\mathrm{M}+1) 421.2226$, found 421.2216.
( $E$ )-4,8:7,11:10,14-Trianhydro-12- $O$-benzyl-2,3,6,9,13-pentadeoxy-11-C-methyl-D-talo-L-allo-pentadec-2-ene 1,5,15-Tris ( $p$-bromobenzoate) (42). To a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ stirred solution of compound 41 ( $42 \mathrm{mg}, 0.1$ mmol ) and 4 -(dimethylamino) pyridine ( $40 \mathrm{mg}, 0.33 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added 4 -bromobenzoyl chloride ( $66 \mathrm{mg}, 0.3 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in one portion. The reaction mixture was stirred at that temperature for 30 min before dilution with methanol ( 1 mL ) and ether ( 15 mL ). The mixture was washed with $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$ and then dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Concentration followed by flash column chromatography (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave tribenzoate 42 ( 89 mg , $92 \%$ ). 42: crystalline solid; mp $175-177^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (from ether, hexane); $R_{f}$ $=0.50$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{23}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+93.39^{\circ}(c, 6.9$, $\left.\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right) \nu_{\text {max }} 3092,3065,3037,2958,2882,1760(\mathrm{~s}$, benzoate), 1751 (s, benzoate), 1592, 1487, 1400, 1271, 1177, 1103, 1014, $911,849,757,733,685,650,609 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.96-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 17 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 6.04$ (ddd, $J=16.0,5.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), 5.84 (dd, $J=16.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, olefinic), $5.36-3.24$ (m, 11 H , $\left.\mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.58-1.58\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{44} \mathrm{H}_{42} \mathrm{O}_{10} \mathrm{Br}_{3}(\mathrm{M}+1)$ : 967.0328 , found 967.0366 .

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-4-O-benzyl-1-O-(tert -butyldiphenylsilyl)-3,7,10-trideoxy-5-C-methyl-D-allo-D-altro-tridecitol (43). Ozone was passed through a cold $\left(-78^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ solution of the $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated ester 39 ( $1.37 \mathrm{~g}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ( 30 mL ) until a blue coloration persisted. The excess of ozone was removed with a stream of oxygen and then $\mathrm{Me}_{2} \mathrm{~S}$ ( 1 mL ) and $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}$ ) $525 \mathrm{mg}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) were sequentially added. The reaction mixture was allowed to reach room temperature with stirring and then treated with methanol ( 10 mL ) and $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}(304 \mathrm{mg}, 8.0$ mmol ). After stirring at room temperature for 1 h , the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate ( 200 mL ), washed with aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( $2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL}$ ), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine ( 50 mL ), and then dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$. Solvent removal followed by flash column chromatography (silica, ethyl acetate) gave pure diol $43(1.20 \mathrm{~g}, 95 \%)$. 43: oil; $R_{f}=0.62$ (silica, ethyl acetate); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+39.91^{\circ}\left(c 2.3, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3410(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3092,3078,3039,2940,2884,2860,1483$, 1432, 1100, 1050, 827, 742, 705, 680, $615 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 250 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 7.79-7.25(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.75,4.52(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2$ $\times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.20-2.84\left(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.33-1.10(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.8 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right), 1.26\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.08\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; MS m/e (rel intensity) $575\left(\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}, 100\right), 545$ (10), 497 (16), 467 (72), 407 (100), 359 (24), 331 (19), 241 (100), 207 (100), 163 (58), 135 (52); HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{33} \mathrm{H}_{39} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}\left(\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) 575.2465$, found 575.2441.

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-4-O-benzyl-13-O-(tert-butyldimethylsilyl)-1-$O$-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-3,7,10-trideoxy-5-C-methyl-D-allo-D-a/trotridecitol (44). tert-Butyldimethylsilyl chloride ( $331 \mathrm{mg}, 2.2 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added in one portion to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of imidazole ( $204 \mathrm{mg}, 3.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and diol $43(1.26,2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in dry DMF ( 7 mL ). After stirring at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 30 min , the reaction mixture was quenched with methanol ( 1 mL ), diluted with ether ( 30 mL ), and washed with aqueous saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution $(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL}), \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(2 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine ( 5 mL ). Drying ( $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ ) followed by concentration and flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave compound $44(1.36 \mathrm{~g}, 91 \%) .44$ : oil; $R_{f}=0.45$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+28.42^{\circ}\left(c 2.4, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3450(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH})$, 3072, $3050,3028,2930,2882,2857,1464,1430,1255,1118,1070,910$, $838,780,735,702,616 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.69-7.26$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}$ ) $, 4.77,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.21-2.83\left(\mathrm{~m}, 11 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 2.35-1.37\left(\mathrm{~m}, 7 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}, \mathrm{OH}\right)$, $1.25\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.09,0.95\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9-, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.09(\mathrm{~s}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Si}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{43} \mathrm{H}_{63} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 747.4112$, found 747.4082.

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-10-O-benzyl-1-O-(tert -butyldimethylsilyl)-

13-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-4,7,11-trideoxy-9-C-methyl-D-threo-L-allo-L-glycero-3-trideculose (45). The oxidation of alcohol 44 to ketone 45 was carried out in exactly the same way as described above for the oxidation of compound $\mathbf{1 2}$ to 13 . Thus, $44(1.49 \mathrm{~g}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ gave, after flash column chromatography (silica, $20 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) ketone $45(1.46 \mathrm{~g}, 98 \%)$. 45 : oil; $R_{f}=0.75$ (silica, $40 \%$ ether in petroleum ether; $[\alpha]^{22} \mathrm{D}+33.63^{\circ}$ (c $3.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ ); IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }} 3092$, 3078, 3038, 2960, 2936, 2884, 2861, 1730 (s, CO), 1432, 1358, 1358, $1116,1070,840,782,705,682,618 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \mathrm{NMR}\left(250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right)$ $\delta 7.70-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.70,4.55(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.24-3.13(\mathrm{~m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.80(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.0,5.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$, $\mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CO}$ ), 2.26 (dd, $J=16.0,11.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{CO}$ ), 2.12-1.35 (m, $\left.4 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.28\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.05,0.92(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 9 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SiC}-$ $\left.\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right), 0.09,0.08\left(2 \times \mathrm{s}, 2 \times 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Si}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{2}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{43^{-}}$ $\mathrm{H}_{61} \mathrm{O}_{7} \mathrm{Si}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 745.3956$, found 745.3904 .

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-10-O-benzyl-10-O-( tert -butyldiphenylsilyl)-4,7,11-trideoxy-9-C-methyl-D-threo-L-allo-L-glycero-3-trideculose Diethyl Mercaptole (47). Zinc triflate ( $\mathrm{Zn}(\mathrm{OTf})_{2}, 726 \mathrm{mg}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added in one portion to a cold $\left(0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ and stirred solution of the ketone $45(1.49 \mathrm{~g}, 2.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and EtSH ( 2 mL ) in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The cooling was stopped and stirring was continued for 30 min (completion of thioketalization by TLC) before addition of methanol ( 5 mL ) and CSA ( 100 mg ). Monodesilylation was complete in 15 min (TLC), at which time $E t_{3} \mathrm{~N}(1 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added and the reaction mixture was diluted with ether ( 100 mL ). Washing of the reaction mixture with water $(2 \times$ 20 mL ) and brine ( 20 mL ) followed by drying, concentration, and flash column chromatography (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) gave the hydroxy dithio ketal 47 ( $1.16 \mathrm{~g}, 78 \%$ ). 47: oil; $R_{f}=0.42$ (silica, $50 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{22}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+41.33^{\circ}\left(c 2.7, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\text {max }}$ $\delta 3480(\mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{OH}), 3082,3063,3050,2980,2851,2875,1462,1121,1070$, 917, 741, 713, $622 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 7.69-7.22(\mathrm{~m}$, $15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.74,4.54(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.23-2.85$ ( $\mathrm{m}, 10 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}$ ), $2.84\left(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SCH}_{3} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.33,1.60$ (multiplets, $6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$ ), $1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.27(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times$ $\left.\mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.09\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right)$; HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{39} \mathrm{H}_{51} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{SiS}$ $\left(\mathrm{M}-\mathrm{SC}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{5}\right) 675.3176$, found 675.3138. Anal. Calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{40} \mathrm{H}_{56} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{SiS}_{2}$ : C, 66.80, H, 7.66. Found: C, 66.96; H, 7.74 .

2,6:5,9:8,12-Trianhydro-10-O-benzyl-10-O-(tert-butyldiphenylsilyl)-4,7,11-trideoxy-9-C-methyl-1-aldehyde-D-threo-L-allo-L-glycero-3-trideculose Diethyl Mercaptole (1). The hydroxy dithio ketal 47 ( 1.47 g , 2.0 mmol ) was dissolved in dry $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and DMSO ( 10 mL ) and cooled to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Triethylamine ( $1.39 \mathrm{~mL}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and $\mathrm{SO}_{3} \cdot \mathrm{pyr}$ complex ( $1.59 \mathrm{~g}, 10 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) were successively added at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ with stirring, and the reaction was allowed to proceed at that temperature. Upon completion of the reaction ( $1.5 \mathrm{~h}, \mathrm{TLC}$ ), the reaction mixture was poured onto saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution ( 10 mL ) and extracted with ether ( 100 mL ). The organic phase was washed with saturated $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ solution (10 mL ), $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, and brine ( 10 mL ) before drying ( $\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}$ ) and evaporation. The same oxidation ( $47 \rightarrow 1$ ) was carried out with similar results using Swern conditions as described above for the oxidation of 34 to the corresponding aldehyde. Flash column chromatography (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether) of the crude product furnished pure aldehyde 1 ( $1.22 \mathrm{~g}, 83 \%$ ). 1: oil; $R_{f}=0.30$ (silica, $30 \%$ ether in petroleum ether); $[\alpha]^{20}{ }_{\mathrm{D}}+50.21^{\circ}\left(c 2.0, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\right)$; IR (neat) $\nu_{\max } 3082,3040,2958$, 2922, 2850, 1738 (s, CHO), 1451, 1428, 1368, 1265, 1112, 1064, 822, $736,700,612 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $250 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 9.76(\mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CHO})$, $7.70-7.20(\mathrm{~m}, 15 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{Ar}), 4.70,4.56(2 \times \mathrm{d}, J=12.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \times 1 \mathrm{H}$, benzylic), $4.20-3.77\left(\mathrm{~m}, 5 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}-\mathrm{O}\right), 4.07$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{OCH}-\mathrm{C}-$ $(\mathrm{O}) \mathrm{H}), 3.55(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.94(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}-\mathrm{O}), 2.70(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}, 2$ $\left.\times \mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 2.38-1.59\left(\mathrm{~m}, 6 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 1.29\left(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.27(\mathrm{~m}$, $\left.6 \mathrm{H}, 2 \times \mathrm{SCH}_{2} \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 1.04\left(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}, \mathrm{SiC}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}\right) ;$ HRMS calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{41}{ }^{-}$ $\mathrm{H}_{55} \mathrm{O}_{6} \mathrm{SiS}_{2}(\mathrm{M}+1) 735.3209$, found 735.3190 .

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Supplementary Material Available: X-ray crystallographic analysis data for compound 42 and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR data for compounds 16, 18, $39(\mathrm{P}=\mathrm{H}), 39$, and 47 ( 14 pages). Ordering information is given on any current masthead page.


[^0]:    (1) Taken in part from the Ph.D. Thesis of C.-K. H., Department of Chemistry, University of Pennsylvania, 1986.
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